## The Daily Record

## The New 'Consensus' On Global Warming

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A scientific consensus has emerged among top mainstream climate scientists that "skeptics" or "lukewarmers" were not long ago derided for suggesting — there was a nearly two-decade long "hiatus" in global warming that climate models failed to accurately predict or replicate.

A new paper, led by climate scientist Benjamin Santer, discusses the failure of climate models to predict or replicate the "slowdown" in early 21st century global temperatures.

The paper caught some prominent critics of global climate models by surprise. Dr. Roger Pielke Sr. tweeted "WOW!" after he read the abstract.

Moreover, climate scientists mocked Texas Republican Sen. Ted Cruz for talking about the global warming "hiatus" during a 2015 congressional hearing. Instead, activist scientists worked hard to airbrush the global warming slowdown from data records.

Santer and Carl Mears, who operate the Remote Sensing System satellite temperature dataset, authored a lengthy blog post in 2016 critical of Cruz's contention that there was an 18-year "hiatus" in warming that climate models didn't predict.

They argued "examining one individual 18-year period is poor statistical practice, and of limited usefulness" when evaluating global warming.

"Don't cherry-pick; look at all the evidence, not just the carefully selected evidence that supports a particular point of view," Santers and Mears concluded.

Cruz's hearing, of course, was the same year the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) released its "pause-busting" study. The study by lead author Tom Karl purported to eliminate the "hiatus" from the global surface temperature record by adjusting ocean data upwards to correct for "biases" in the data.

Democrats and environmentalists praised Karl's work, which came out before the Obama administration unveiled its carbon dioxide regulations for power plants. Karl's study also came out months before U.N. delegates hashed out the Paris agreement on climate change.

Then, in early 2016, mainstream scientists admitted the climate model trends did not match observations — a coup for scientists who have been pointing out flaws in model predictions for years.

John Christy, who collects satellite temperature data out of the University of Alabama-Huntsville, has testified before Congress on the failure of models to predict recent global warming. Christy's research has shown climate models show 2.5 times more warming in the bulk atmosphere than satellites and weather balloons have observed.

Now, he and Santer seem to be on the same page — the global warming "hiatus" is real and the models didn't see it coming.

In other words, the "uncertainty monster" is still a problem.

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