

500 Climate Scientists write to UN to say: There Is No Climate Emergency

Amanda Hopkins

October 4, 2019

Hundreds of climate Scientists including academics, politicians and lobbyists are to launch a campaign to stop commitments to net zero carbon emissions being enshrined in law.

A letter titled "There is no climate emergency" – which has been signed by 500 people who deem climate change to be a myth – is being sent to leaders of European Union (EU) and United Nations (UN) institutions in the coming weeks ahead of key environment talks.

The group will take further steps, which are to be outlined in press conferences in Oslo, Brussels, The Hague and Rome.

The "European Declaration" letter claims current changes in the climate are "expected from the cyclic behaviour of the climate system". It also says there is "no proof" that carbon dioxide is a major driver of climate change.

There are two signatories associated with the Cato Institute – who left the think tank in May - and several signatories from the Heartland Institute in the US, both of which are part of the Koch-funded Atlas Network. UK-based free-market organisations such as the Institute of Economic Affairs (IEA), Adam Smith Institute (ASI), and Taxpayers' Alliance also belong to the network.

Matthew Elliot – who is now reported to be advising Chancellor Sajid Javid – founded Taxpayer's Alliance. An old employee of Taxpayer's Alliance, Chloe Westley, has also joined Mr Johnson's team at No 10. Liz Truss has appointed two special advisors from the IEA and ASI.

The UK's main climate group, the Global Warming Policy Foundation (GWPF), founded by former chancellor Nigel Lawson, is well represented on the list.

The group's "urgent message" is that the EU net-zero carbon goal – a policy that was blocked by Poland and three other member states in June – should be "strongly opposed".

"There is no climate emergency and therefore no cause for panic and alarm ... Our advice to political leaders is that science should aim at significantly better understanding the climate system while politics should focus on minimising potential climate damage",