## The Daily Record

## **Gun Rights: Does Hillary Believe?**

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In last week's third and final presidential debate, Hillary Clinton made two seemingly conflicting assertions about the Second Amendment: That she supports an individual right to bear arms and that the Heller case was wrongly decided.

Here's the problem: The Supreme Court held in District of Columbia v. Heller that the Second Amendment protects an individual right to own a handgun for self-defense in the home.

There were two dissents to the case. One by Justice Stephens, which rejected a self-defense justification for the Second Amendment, and another by Justice Breyer arguing that even if there is a right to self-defense, it does not include the right to keep a handgun or immediately operable long gun in the home.

So what does Secretary Clinton mean when she says Heller was wrongly decided? Both dissents in Heller would have upheld a law that effectively banned handguns. Both dissents would have upheld a law that rejects the ability to defend yourself from criminals in your own home as a fundamental right.

Or would Secretary Clinton reject both dissents in favor of some fourth view of the case?

How can Clinton possibly reject Heller but believe in an "individual right to bear arms"?

Her position is vague and ambiguous. This ambiguity is unfortunately a common phenomenon in the gun debate. Gun-control advocates and supporters of gun rights often seem to be speaking entirely different languages.

The discussion around so-called assault weapons is instructive. To the gun-rights advocate, the mere term causes the eyes to roll. Virtually every gun owner recognizes the term "assault rifle." It refers to a medium-powered rifle with select-fire capability (i.e., the ability to switch between at least two modes of fire, such as single shot and automatic or single shot and burst). The M16 rifle is a popular example of an assault rifle. Its civilian equivalent, the popular AR15, is not an assault rifle because it only has one mode of fire: Single shot.

The term "assault weapons," on the other hand, has no concrete meaning. It refers to a process by which legislators simply label certain weapons or features as "assault weapons." In short, assault

weapons are whatever the people writing the law say they are. The results have occasionally been ridiculous, as the banned features are often cosmetic.

Occasionally it's the policy, rather than the principle, advocated by gun-control supporters that is overly vague. Control advocates such as President Obama often insist that they support the right to bear arms and oppose confiscation. But President Obama also has a habit of invoking as exemplars countries such as Australia and Great Britain where there is no individual right to bear arms and confiscation is a fact of life.

Unfortunately, Secretary Clinton's comments, along with her surging in the polls, suggests that it may yet be years before the national discourse on gun rights becomes any more mutually intelligible.

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